

Équations

Résoudre dans \mathbb{R} les équations suivantes :

$$1^\circ) (2x+3)^2 = (4x+1)(x-5)$$

$$2^\circ) (2x+3)(3x-5) = (6x-1)(x+2) - 12x$$

$$3^\circ) 5x^2 - 13x = 0$$

$$4^\circ) 9 - 16x^2 = 0$$

$$5^\circ) (x+3)^2 = 25$$

$$6^\circ) (x+1)^2 = 8(x+1)$$

$$7^\circ) (9x^2 + 12x + 4) - 5x(3x+2) + (8 - 18x^2) = 0$$

$$8^\circ) 2x\sqrt{3} - 3x + 6 = 4x - 5\sqrt{3}$$

$$9^\circ) (2x-1)(7x-5) = 4x^2 - 4x + 1$$

$$10^\circ) 9x^2 - 16 = (3x+4)(1-2x)$$

$$11^\circ) x^4 - 16 = 0$$

$$12^\circ) 16(x-1)^2 - 25 = 0$$

$$13^\circ) \left(x + \frac{1}{3}\right)^2 = 4\left(x - \frac{1}{3}\right)^2$$

$$14^\circ) (2x-1)^2 + x(1-2x) = 4x^2 - 1$$

$$15^\circ) (x+3)^2 - (2x-1)^2 = 3x+2$$

$$16^\circ) (x-1)^2 = 5$$

$$17^\circ) -\frac{4}{5}x + 1 = 0$$

$$18^\circ) (5x+1)(5x-1) - (3x-8)(x+1) = 11x(2x-7)$$

$$19^\circ) \frac{2x+3}{5} + \frac{x-4}{3} - \frac{7-2x}{2} = x$$

$$20^\circ) \frac{x}{3} - \frac{x-3}{12} = 5 + \frac{3(x+1)}{4}$$

$$21^\circ) (8-3x)(4x-10) - (2x-5)^2 = 0$$

$$22^\circ) (4x^2 - 8x\sqrt{2} + 8) - (x^2 - 2) = 3x - 3\sqrt{2}$$

$$23^\circ) 3x^3 - 12x^2 + 12x = 0$$

Réponses

$$1^{\circ}) S_1 = \left\{ -\frac{14}{31} \right\}$$

2°) L'équation n'admet aucune solution dans \mathbb{R} ; $S_2 = \emptyset$

$$3^{\circ}) S_3 = \left\{ 0; \frac{13}{5} \right\}$$

$$4^{\circ}) S_4 = \left\{ -\frac{3}{4}; \frac{3}{4} \right\}$$

$$5^{\circ}) S_5 = \{2; -8\}$$

$$6^{\circ}) S_6 = \{-1; 7\}$$

$$7^{\circ}) S_7 = \left\{ -\frac{2}{3}; \frac{3}{4} \right\}$$

$$8^{\circ}) S_8 = \left\{ \frac{72 + 47\sqrt{3}}{37} \right\}$$

$$9^{\circ}) S_9 = \left\{ \frac{1}{2}; \frac{4}{5} \right\}$$

$$10^{\circ}) S_{10} = \left\{ -\frac{4}{3}; 1 \right\}$$

$$11^{\circ}) S_{11} = \{2; -2\}$$

$$12^{\circ}) S_{12} = \left\{ \frac{9}{4}; -\frac{1}{4} \right\}$$

$$13^{\circ}) S_{13} = \left\{ \frac{1}{9}; 1 \right\}$$

$$14^{\circ}) S_{14} = \left\{ -2; \frac{1}{2} \right\}$$

$$15^{\circ}) S_{15} = \left\{ -\frac{2}{3}; 3 \right\}$$

$$16^{\circ}) S_{16} = \{1 + \sqrt{5}; 1 - \sqrt{5}\}$$

$$17^{\circ}) S_{17} = \left\{ \frac{5}{4} \right\}$$

$$18^{\circ}) S_{18} = \left\{ -\frac{7}{82} \right\}$$

$$19^{\circ}) S_{19} = \left\{ \frac{127}{22} \right\}$$

Quelques détails de résolution :

7°)

$$(9x^2 + 12x + 4) - 5x(3x + 2) + (8 - 18x^2) = 0$$

$$(3x + 2)^2 - 5x(3x + 2) + 2(4 - 9x^2) = 0$$

$$(3x + 2)^2 - 5x(3x + 2) + 2(2 - 3x)(2 + 3x) = 0$$

8°)

$$2x\sqrt{3} - 3x + 6 = 4x - 5\sqrt{3}$$

$$2x\sqrt{3} - 3x - 4x = -6 - 5\sqrt{3}$$

$$2x\sqrt{3} - 7x = -6 - 5\sqrt{3}$$

$$(2\sqrt{3} - 7)x = -6 - 5\sqrt{3}$$

$$x = \frac{-6 - 5\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3} - 7}$$

$$x = \frac{(-6 - 5\sqrt{3})(2\sqrt{3} + 7)}{(2\sqrt{3} - 7)(2\sqrt{3} + 7)}$$

$$x = \frac{-12\sqrt{3} - 42 - 30 - 35\sqrt{3}}{12 - 49}$$

$$x = \frac{-47\sqrt{3} - 72}{-37}$$

$$x = \frac{47\sqrt{3} + 72}{37}$$